## **Micromanagement Self-Assessment Survey**

This pulse survey was created by ASHP's Section Advisory Group on Manager Development under the Section of Pharmacy Practice Managers. The survey is provided to self-assess current micro-managing tendencies within the workplace. The self-assessment survey is meant to be used as a tool for managers over time to check on their development in managing staff and projects.

- 1. My team performs most efficiently on their assigned projects when I am:
  - a. Hands on (1)
  - b. Provide feedback at key points in the assignment (2)
  - c. Provide leadership support when needed (3)
- 2. When I propose changes or delegate assignments within the organization, my coworkers:
  - a. Do not fully understand the changes I am proposing and ask many questions (1)
  - b. Understand partially the reason for the proposed changes and ask a few questions (2)
  - c. Have full understanding of the proposed and rarely get asked any questions (3)
- 3. Tasks that I can easily complete myself,
  - a. I usually do them myself (1)
  - b. Half the time I delegate the task while half the time I complete it myself (2)
  - c. I usually delegate it to the appropriate team member (3)
- 4. The reporting that I demand from my team is:
  - a. Routine and frequent (1)
  - b. In moderate amount and usually associated with a task or assignment (2)
  - c. Only requested when it is needed (3)
- 5. When I am out of the office and away from work, my team:
  - a. Usually needs me to respond back to their emails (1)
  - b. Only sometimes needs me to respond back (2)
  - c. Rarely needs my attention when I am gone (3)
- 6. As a manager, my team thinks:
  - a. I criticize too much and affirm too little (1)
  - b. I sometimes criticize too much or sometimes affirm too often (2)
  - c. I criticize too little and affirm too often (3)
- 7. My role on my team during a project is to:
  - a. Be a taskmaster (1)
  - b. Provide some vision but also complete tasks (2)
  - c. Provide only the roadmap (3)
- 8. I believe it is best to:
  - a. Direct employees (1)
  - b. Combine both directing and empowering employees (2)
  - c. Empower employees (3)
- 9. Relinquishing power or control to other team members:
  - a. Is very difficult and uncomfortable (1)
  - b. Happens but is still uncomfortable (2)
  - c. Is easy for me to do (3)
- 10. When completing assignments on their own, members of my team are often:
  - a. Not capable (1)
  - b. Sometimes capable (2)
  - c. Always capable (3)

## Add up answers for self-check:

| High level of micromanaging:  "You may need to detach yourself from current projects."   | Medium level of micromanaging:  | Low level of micromanaging:  "Make sure you can get 'in the weeds' when you still have to."  |
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| Inneffective micromanaging has a deleterious effect on staff morale and productivity. Learn how to avoid this toxic atmosphere in the following references:  |   | Sometimes, micromanaging is necessary for effectiveness and to execute results. Read more in the following references:   |
| Wright, Robert. Strategies for Avoiding the Micro Management Trap . Management Decision 38/5 [2000] 362±364.  Gallup – The high cost of Disengaged Employees. http://businessjournal.gallup.com/content/247/the-high-cost-of-disengaged-employees.aspx | "You have a good balance of<br>mixing it up. Watch for the<br>negative signals though." | Schrage, Michael. If You're not Micromanaging, You're not Leading. http://blogs.hbr.org/2012/05/if-youre-not- micromanaging-you/  Riordan, Christine M. Sometimes Micromanaging Is Good-And Necessary. http://www.forbes.com/2010/07/29/micromanage- employees-delegate-leadership-managing-staff.html |
| 10-16  | 17-24   | 25-30  |

## References:

- 1. Wright, Robert. Strategies for Avoiding the Micro Management Trap . Management Decision 38/5 [2000] 362±364.
- Gallup. Gallup study indicates actively disengaged workers cost U.S. hundreds of billions of dollars each year. Gallup Management
  Journal. March 19, 2001. <a href="http://businessjournal.gallup.com/content/247/the-high-cost-of-disengaged-employees.aspx">http://businessjournal.gallup.com/content/247/the-high-cost-of-disengaged-employees.aspx</a>Riordan,
  Christine M. Sometimes Micromanaging Is Good-And Necessary. <a href="http://www.forbes.com/2010/07/29/micromanage-employees-delegate-leadership-managing-staff.html">http://www.forbes.com/2010/07/29/micromanage-employees-delegate-leadership-managing-staff.html</a>
- 3. Schrage, Michael. If You're not Micromanaging, You're not Leading. <a href="http://blogs.hbr.org/2012/05/if-youre-not-micromanaging-you/">http://blogs.hbr.org/2012/05/if-youre-not-micromanaging-you/</a>
- 4. Goldsmith, David; Goldsmith, Lorrie. Why Micromanagement is not a Dirty Word if you Do it Right. http://www.fastcompany.com/3003721/why-micromanagement-not-dirty-word-if-you-do-it-right